

Overall economic performance of Danish dairy farms in 2013

1 EUR approx. 7.5 DKK

Table 1. Development for all danish full-time dairy farms during the past five years (conventional and organic)

| Year | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 |
|----------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Number of farms in sample | 2,040 | 2,202 | 2,348 | 2,354 | 1,839 |
| Number of farms in total | 3,737 | 3,719 | 3,449 | 3,616 | 3,445 |
| Number of cows | 132 | 139 | 152 | 158 | 162 |
| Ha cultivated area | 126 | 137 | 138 | 145 | 153 |
| Amount in DKK 1,000 | | | | | |
| Gross Income | 3,071 | 3,605 | 5,232 | 5,586 | 6,212 |
| Unit related costs | 1,807 | 1,351 | 2,553 | 2,860 | 3,178 |
| Contribution margin | 1,264 | 2,254 | 2,679 | 2,726 | 3,033 |
| Cash capacity costs | 1,176 | 1,292 | 1,435 | 1,526 | 1,621 |
| Depreciation, etc. | 479 | 498 | 535 | 556 | 552 |
| EBIT | -392 | 463 | 708 | 644 | 861 |
| Decoupled EU-payments | 433 | 463 | 457 | 481 | 488 |
| Net financing costs | 970 | 1,030 | 974 | 933 | 905 |
| Farm Income | -928 | -73 | 191 | 192 | 444 |
| Equity | 7,613 | 7,271 | 5,188 | 5,058 | 4,593 |
| Provisions | 1,814 | 1,996 | 1,702 | 1,609 | 1,693 |
| Debt | 18,975 | 20,968 | 22,119 | 22,884 | 23,866 |
| Balance | 28,402 | 30,236 | 29,009 | 29,551 | 30,153 |

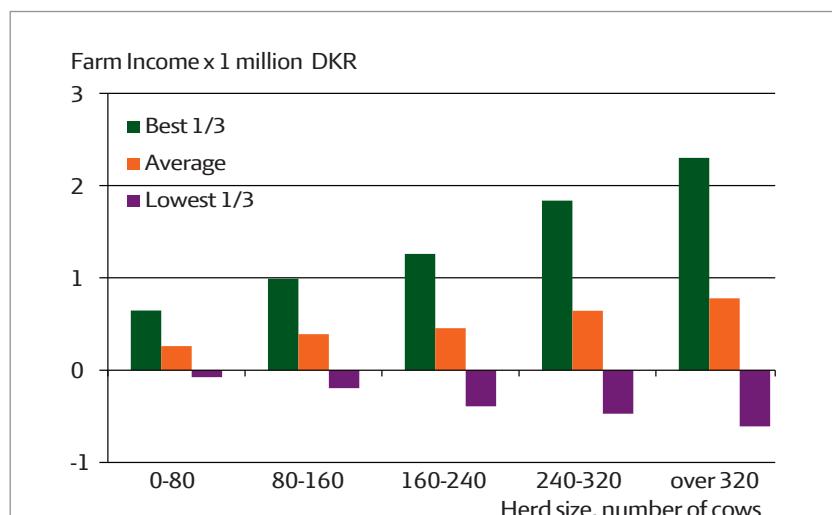


Figure 1. Spread in operating results - full time dairy farms with large breed sorted according to size

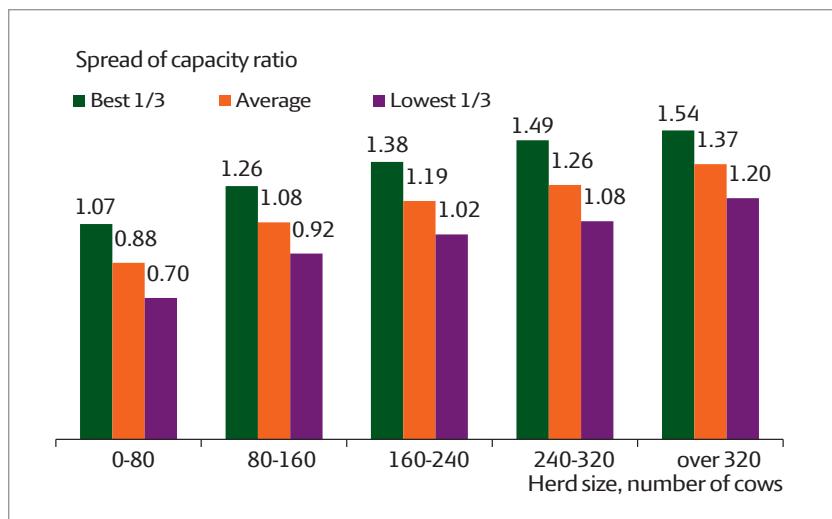


Figure 2. Spread in capacity ratio, conventional milk producers with large breed, according to herd size and sorted on farm income. Grouping matches figure 1.

Table 2. Farm income for conventional dairy farms with large race sorted according to size.

| Number of cows | Avg, | 0-80 | 80-160 | 160-240 | 240-320 | over 320 |
|----------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Number of farms | 2,695 | 617 | 1,039 | 582 | 252 | 205 |
| Number of cows | 164 | 57 | 122 | 195 | 278 | 469 |
| Ha cultivated area | 149 | 74 | 124 | 182 | 225 | 316 |
| kg ECM per cow | 9,333 | 8,582 | 9,228 | 9,397 | 9,468 | 9,574 |
| Amount in DKK 1,000 | | | | | | |
| Contribution margin | 3,020 | 1,030 | 2,265 | 3,650 | 5,096 | 8,496 |
| Cash capacity costs | 1,611 | 602 | 1,198 | 1,942 | 2,634 | 4,547 |
| Depreciation. etc, | 553 | 193 | 458 | 679 | 918 | 1,321 |
| EBIT | 856 | 236 | 610 | 1,029 | 1,543 | 2,628 |
| Decoupled EU-payments | 484 | 243 | 407 | 577 | 709 | 1,054 |
| Net financing costs | 909 | 217 | 626 | 1,151 | 1,587 | 2,905 |
| Farm income | 430 | 261 | 391 | 456 | 665 | 777 |
| Assets total | 30,159 | 14,352 | 24,968 | 35,462 | 47,537 | 67,653 |
| Equity | 4,353 | 5,867 | 4,786 | 4,352 | 3,045 | -795 |
| Key figures | | | | | | |
| Equity-to-assets ratio. % | 19.5 | 43.0 | 18.7 | 10.6 | 4.5 | -3.5 |
| Return on farm assets | 2.5 | 0.4 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 3.2 | 3.9 |
| Operating margin | 11.2 | 2.1 | 9.7 | 11.7 | 13.7 | 14.3 |
| Asset turnover ratio | 0.23 | 0.17 | 0.20 | 0.23 | 0.24 | 0.29 |
| Capacity ratio | 1.17 | 0.88 | 1.08 | 1.19 | 1.27 | 1.37 |
| Number of cows per ha | 1.10 | 0.77 | 0.98 | 1.07 | 1.24 | 1.48 |
| Area of rented land. % | 30 | 23 | 26 | 32 | 33 | 36 |
| Farm assets pr cow | 171,275 | 222,535 | 190,019 | 170,994 | 160,663 | 136,581 |

Table 3. Investment and financing for conventional dairy farms with large breed sorted according to size groups.

| Number cows | Avg. | 0-80 | 80-160 | 160-240 | 240-320 | over 320 |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|--------------|
| Investments, DKK 1.000 | | | | | | |
| Farm buildings | 210 | 27 | 155 | 263 | 457 | 587 |
| Equipment, stable | 145 | 24 | 116 | 159 | 314 | 405 |
| Machinery, field | 140 | 66 | 126 | 175 | 221 | 237 |
| Land improvement | 8 | 1 | 7 | 8 | 17 | 19 |
| Investment in production facilities in total | 502 | 118 | 402 | 606 | 1,010 | 1,248 |
| Depreciation | 553 | 193 | 458 | 679 | 918 | 1,321 |
| Net investment, production facilities | -51 | -75 | -55 | -73 | 91 | -72 |
| Land | 342 | 72 | 253 | 380 | 684 | 1,074 |
| Milk quota and other intangible assets | 34 | -26 | -3 | 41 | 124 | 276 |
| Net investment farming | 325 | -30 | 195 | 348 | 899 | 1,278 |
| Housing, cars and assets outside of farming | 91 | 39 | 85 | 90 | 134 | 223 |
| Total investment | 969 | 202 | 738 | 1,117 | 1,951 | 2,822 |
| Cash flow, DKK 1.000 | | | | | | |
| Cash flow after regulation and private | 660 | 286 | 601 | 847 | 987 | 1,155 |
| Cash surplus/need | -309 | 84 | -136 | -270 | -964 | -1,667 |
| Self-financing, % | 68% | 141% | 82% | 76% | 51% | 41% |
| DKK per cow | | | | | | |
| Net investment, production facility pr. cow | -312 | -1,320 | -453 | -373 | 329 | -154 |

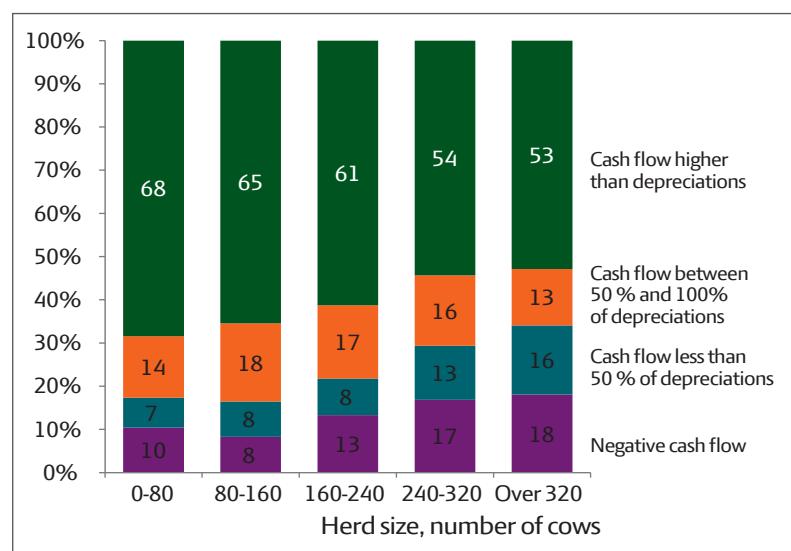


Figure 3. Comparison of cash flows after regulation and private with the level of depreciation

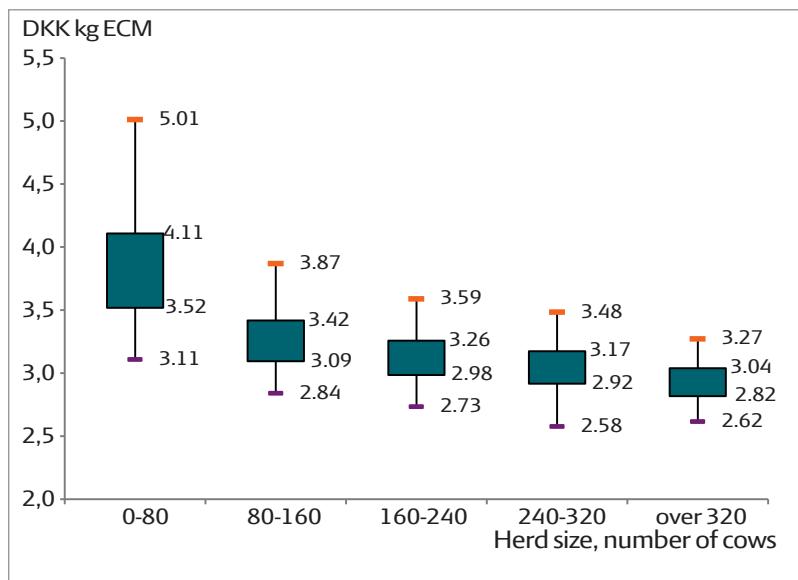


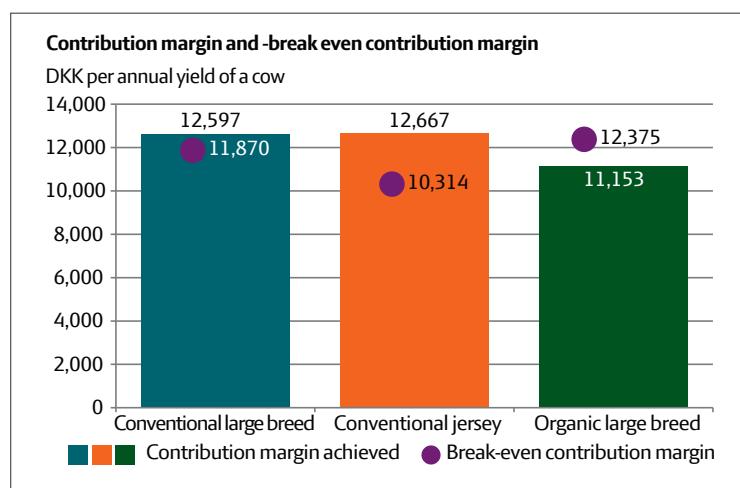
Figure 4. Spread of production price per kg ECM, including owner's salaries and remuneration of capital employed. The production price is calculated on the entire business for farms with conventional large breed. The middle third of the farms measured in terms of the production price is displayed at the blue square, while the purple line below shows the level of the top 10 percent, and the orange line above shows the level of the lowest 10 percent

Table 4. Revenue for dairy farms according to breed and after race and type of farm

| | Large breed | | Jersey | |
|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| | Organic | Conventional | Organic | Conventional |
| Number of farms | 388 | 2,695 | 37 | 315 |
| Number of cows | 145 | 164 | 163 | 172 |
| Ha cultivated area | 197 | 149 | 157 | 130 |
| kg ECM per cow | 8,331 | 9,333 | 7,838 | 8,628 |
| Sales price per kg ECM | 3.31 | 2.87 | 3.40 | 3.01 |
| Amount in DKK 1,000 | | | | |
| Contribution margin | 3,096 | 3,020 | 2,851 | 3,083 |
| Cash capacity costs | 1,696 | 1,611 | 1,551 | 1,614 |
| Depreciation | 590 | 553 | 524 | 489 |
| Result of primary operation | 810 | 856 | 777 | 980 |
| Decoupled EU-payments | 581 | 484 | 473 | 410 |
| Net tenancy costs | 302 | 213 | 226 | 215 |
| Other net financing costs | 664 | 696 | 632 | 587 |
| Operating result | 424 | 430 | 392 | 588 |
| Farming assets total | 28,393 | 30,501 | 27,082 | 23,694 |
| Key figures | | | | |
| Equity-to-assets ratio, % | 19.3 | 19.5 | 16.3 | 21.7 |
| Return on farm assets | 2.2 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 3.5 |
| Operating margin | 10.8 | 11.4 | 10.5 | 13.9 |
| Asset turnover ratio | 0.20 | 0.23 | 0.22 | 0.25 |
| Capacity ratio | 1.14 | 1.17 | 1.15 | 1.26 |
| Number of cows per ha | 0.74 | 1.10 | 1.04 | 1.32 |
| Area of rented land, % | 37 | 30 | 36 | 38 |

Business check Cattle 2013

Results from the farms' milk production



Figur 1. Achieved contribution margin (the boxes) and break-even contribution margin (the spots).

Table 1: key figures for conventional farms from 2010-2013 with large breed. (The same farms are not included in each year)

| | 2010* | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Number of farms | 36 | 151 | 431 | 472 |
| Milk yield pr. year, ECM pr cow | 9140 | 8900 | 9227 | 9619 |
| Achieved price per kg ECM | 2,5 | 2,59 | 2,52 | 2,87 |
| | 2010* | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 |
| Gross income | 23.593 | 26.403 | 26.663 | 30.290 |
| Feed costs | 10.997 | 12.812 | 13.555 | 15.261 |
| Veterinarian and various unit related costs | 2.640 | 2.449 | 2.382 | 2.432 |
| Unit related costs | 13.637 | 15.261 | 15.937 | 17.693 |
| Contribution margin | 9.956 | 11.142 | 10.726 | 12.597 |
| Labour costs (incl. owner salary) | 3.788 | 3.606 | 3.818 | 3.905 |
| Maintenance and energy, etc. | 2.754 | 3.262 | 3.050 | 3.173 |
| Interest, rental and depreciation | 5.576 | 5.007 | 5.062 | 4.792 |
| Economic value added | -2.162 | -733 | -1.204 | 727 |
| Break-even contribution margin | 12.117 | 11.875 | 11.930 | 11.870 |
| Production price per kg ECM | 2,58 | 2,68 | 2,71 | 2,76 |
| Feed cost per kg ECM | 1,2 | 1,43 | 1,46 | 1,58 |
| Return on dairy assets | 1,3 | 3,0 | 1,8 | 4,5 |

*In 2010, only farms with milking parlour.

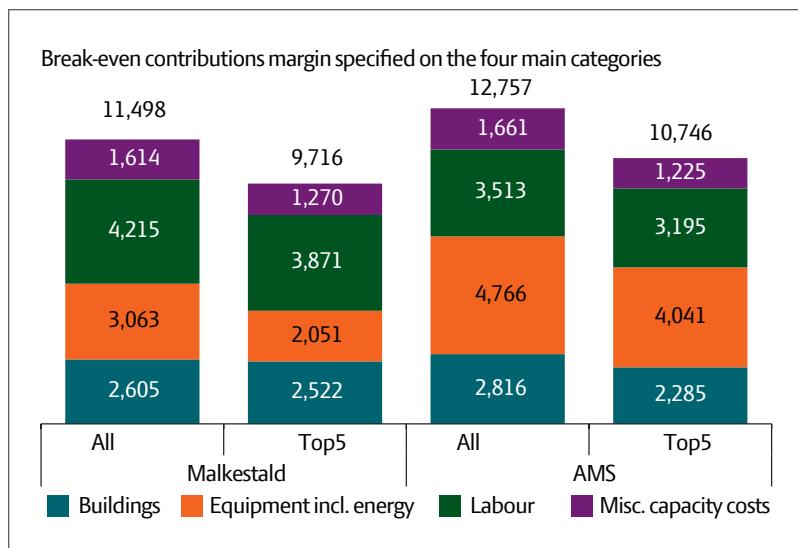


Table 1: key figures for conventional farms from 2010-2013 with large breed. (The same farms are not included in each year)

Table 2. Result per cow, conventional large breed distributed according to size

| Numbers of ocws | 50-79* | 80-159 | 160-239 | 240-319 | >320 |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Number of farms in group | 13 | 162 | 160 | 82 | 55 |
| Number cows | 69 | 131 | 196 | 280 | 444 |
| Milk yield pr. year, ECM pr cow | 9,815 | 9,533 | 9,627 | 9,718 | 9,645 |
| Production price per kg ECM | 2.93 | 2.81 | 2.77 | 2.72 | 2.67 |
| Achieved price per kg ECM milk | 2.83 | 2.86 | 2.87 | 2.87 | 2.89 |
| Result per cow | | | | | |
| Gross proceeds | 30,474 | 30,011 | 30,340 | 30,379 | 30,747 |
| Roughages | 6,414 | 6,576 | 6,431 | 6,579 | 6,307 |
| Purchased feed | 8,897 | 8,617 | 8,850 | 8,730 | 8,908 |
| Veterinarian and various unit related costs | 2,600 | 2,444 | 2,517 | 2,291 | 2,440 |
| Total unit related costs | 17,911 | 17,636 | 17,798 | 17,600 | 17,655 |
| Contribution margin | 12,563 | 12,375 | 12,542 | 12,780 | 13,092 |
| Buildings | 2,689 | 2,549 | 2,784 | 2,789 | 2,595 |
| Equipment incl. energy | 4,647 | 3,757 | 3,563 | 3,561 | 3,623 |
| Labour | 4,435 | 4,132 | 3,864 | 3,716 | 3,567 |
| Misc. capacity costs | 2,037 | 1,694 | 1,616 | 1,487 | 1,435 |
| Break-even contribution margin | 13,808 | 12,132 | 11,827 | 11,552 | 11,220 |
| Economic value added | -1,244 | 243 | 715 | 1,227 | 1,872 |
| Number of farms with positive profit | 31% | 56% | 67% | 65% | 87% |
| Return on dairy assets | 1.3 | 4.2 | 4.8 | 5.6 | 7.1 |

* there are no farms in "Business Check 2013" with under 50 cows

Ten years' development of Danish dairy farms - all breeds

| Year | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Number of farms | 5,697 | 4,995 | 4,6668 | 4,410 | 4,202 | 3,737 | 3,719 | 3,449 | 3,619 | 3,445 |
| Number of cows | 92 | 95 | 103 | 110 | 121 | 133 | 139 | 152 | 158 | 162 |
| Number of ha | 98 | 93 | 108 | 113 | 119 | 129 | 137 | 138 | 145 | 153 |
| kg ECM per cow | 8,155 | 8,253 | 8,481 | 8,583 | 8,603 | 8,799 | 8,813 | 8,739 | 8,891 | 9,148 |
| sales prices DKK per kg ECM | 2.34 | 2.27 | 2.17 | 2.38 | 2.77 | 2.08 | 2.42 | 2.67 | 2.57 | 2.93 |
| sales prices DKK per kg ECM, 2013 prices | 2.82 | 2.68 | 2.51 | 2.71 | 3.02 | 2.23 | 2.55 | 2.73 | 2.59 | 2.93 |
| Profit-and-loss account in DKK 1.000 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contribution margin | 1,537 | 1,452 | 1,511 | 2,049 | 2,275 | 1,264 | 2,254 | 2,679 | 2,726 | 3,033 |
| Cash capacity costs | 640 | 678 | 742 | 892 | 1,063 | 1,176 | 1,292 | 1,435 | 1,526 | 1,621 |
| Depreciation, etc. | 269 | 275 | 288 | 361 | 416 | 479 | 498 | 535 | 556 | 552 |
| EBIT | 628 | 499 | 481 | 796 | 796 | -392 | 463 | 709 | 644 | 861 |
| Decoupled EU-payments | 277 | 376 | 401 | 417 | 433 | 463 | 457 | 481 | 488 | |
| Net financing costs | 459 | 429 | 482 | 684 | 1,159 | 970 | 1,030 | 974 | 933 | 905 |
| Farm income | 169 | 347 | 375 | 512 | 54 | -928 | -104 | 192 | 192 | 444 |
| Farm Income 2013-prices | 204 | 410 | 433 | 584 | 59 | -996 | -109 | 197 | 194 | 444 |
| Balance sheet in DKK 1,000 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total assets | 13,272 | 16,286 | 21,177 | 25,933 | 29,632 | 28,402 | 30,236 | 29,009 | 28,116 | 30,153 |
| Debt in total | 9,148 | 9,816 | 10,999 | 14,392 | 17,542 | 18,975 | 20,968 | 22,119 | 21,781 | 23,866 |
| Debt per cow | 99 | 103 | 107 | 131 | 145 | 143 | 151 | 146 | 138 | 147 |
| Contribution margin per cow | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contribution margin per cow, large breed | 10,545 | 11,179 | 10,138 | 11,619 | 13,321 | 5,151 | 9,947 | 11,850 | 11,064 | 13,534 |
| Contribution margin per kg ECM, large breed | 1.25 | 1.28 | 1.13 | 1.28 | 1.46 | 0.56 | 1.08 | 1.29 | 1.18 | 1.40 |
| Contribution margin per kg ECM, large breed 2013 prices | 1.51 | 1.51 | 1.31 | 1.46 | 1.59 | 0.60 | 1.14 | 1.32 | 1.19 | 1.40 |

Table 1. From 2004 to 2008 the value of the land has partly been estimated according to the public assessment, while it as of 2009 and onwards follows the fair value of the land. The change of the principles of estimation means that the assets are not directly comparable between years in table 1.